BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS

There are now nine of 10 **Market Peak Indicators** signaling. The most recent **MPI** is *Liquidity: Bank Credit*, which implies loans are expanding significantly faster than bank securities are growing. This means tightening liquidity and it has historically led to a reversal in equities.

- Since 2000, the ninth **MPI** appeared in six of the seven S&P 500 peaks. The six observations range from +5 to -7 months, which means the ninth **MPI** was late by five months for the Jan. 2014 peak and too early by seven months for the Oct. 2007 peak. Obviously the S&P is still climbing, so applying this historical seven month outlier to today's market, implies a peak occurring from now thru March 2018.
- The revised percentage gains from the ninth **MPI** remain slightly less than the gains from the eighth **MPI** the new center point for a peak is 2530 (2454 thru 2656). December's 2017 *monthly average* was 2664.

NINTH MPI	S&P 500 PEAK	% GAIN: 9th MPI to S&P PEAK
11/58	7/59	+13.8% \
7/61	12/61	+9.6%
$\frac{11}{64}$		
4/68	12/68	+11.3%
10/71	1/73	+21.7%
$\frac{10771}{12/75}$	9/76	
12/80	4/81	7%
8/83	10/83	+3.2%
4/87 —		
4/92	1/94	+16.1%
5/98	7/98	+4.3%
4/00	8/00	
3/02	3/02	-0- \
6/04	2/04	9%
3/07		
2/10	4/10	+9.9%
2/12	3/12	
(1)		n/a
(1)	5/15	n/a
` ,		Avg.: +8.6%
8/17	? ?	+8.5% To date thru December '17

- Prior to 2000 the average gain from the ninth MPI to the S&P peak was a monthly average +10.4% and there were always nine MPI's signaling at least eight months prior to the S&P peak see the table.
- Post 2000, the gain from the ninth MPI to the peak has been a monthly average +4.6%. see the table. It's clear that there are two different patterns before and after 2000 and the post 2000 paradigm will continue, as the U.S. growth has become Japanized, with the porpoising of output and equities. This was first mentioned in 2004 see here for more recent details.

The *monthly average* gain for the S&P 500 from the August 2017 ninth **MPI** has been +8.5% through December 2017. We're still expecting a market correction that typically corresponds to one discounting a slowing economy, which is -12% (+/- 4%) for the S&P 500 and 33% to 50% greater decline for small caps or NDQ averages. BCD Research, Inc.

January 4, 2018